



Hamburg

Facts and Figures



The Free and Hanseatic City of Hamburg is Germany's second largest city following Berlin. It is, at the same time, one of the states of the Federal Republic of Germany, called *Länder*. The city is located on the North German Plain in the lower reaches of the Elbe River, about 100 km from where the Elbe meets the North Sea.

CLIMATE

Average Temperature: Annual Average: 9.7° C
January: 2.0° C; April: 9.1° C; July: 18.4° C; October: 10.0° C

Number of Sunshine Hours: 1,574 per year
(35.1 % of total possible hours)

Average Precipitation: 771 mm
(averages of the years 1987 to 2012)

AREA

Total area: 755.30 square kilometres, of which **port area:** 74.4 square kilometres.

Size of Outer Alster: 1.6 sq km

Size of Ohlsdorf Cemetery, the largest Cemetery in Europe: 4 sq km

Highest natural elevation: 116 metres above sea level; to be found in the Harburg Mts. in Neugraben-Fischbek (district)

Tallest building: TV tower, 278 metres high

St. Michaelis Church: Hamburg's landmark known fondly as the "Michel"; the spire measures 132 metres.

The largest distance in East-West as well as North-South direction is approximately 40 kilometres.

Environment

Hamburg is a green city. 16.4 per cent of the municipal area is made up of parks, recreation areas and woodlands with bodies of water accounting for a further 8.1 per cent, thus contributing significantly to the city's recreational value. 64.7 square kilometres (8.6 per cent) are declared national parks, an additional 144.2 square kilometres (19.1 per cent) nature reserves.

In 2010, round 11.7 million tons of carbon dioxide were emitted in Hamburg, 1.1 million tons less than in 1990. 1.9 million tons of the total emissions were emitted by private households.

Hamburg's industrial units invested 88 million Euros in measures aimed at the protection of the environment (13.1 per cent of total investments) in the year 2010. 47.1 million Euros of which were invested into measures aiming at the protection of air.

HAMBURG METROPOLITAN AREA

In addition to the city of Hamburg, two cities without districts and 17 other areas form part of the Metropolitan Area. This includes the cities Lübeck and Neumünster, the districts Dithmarschen, Duchy of Lauenburg, Ostholstein, Pinneberg, Segeberg, Steinburg and Stormarn in the federal state of Schleswig-Holstein. This includes the districts Cuxhaven, Harburg, Lüchow-Dannenberg, Lüneburg, Rotenburg (Wümme), Heidekreis, Stade and Uelzen, all of which belong to the federal state of Lower Saxony and in Mecklenburg-Vorpommern a part of the districts Ludwigslust-Parchim (the area from the earlier district Ludwigslust) and Nordwest-Mecklenburg (including the city Wismar).

The Metropolitan Area covers a total area of 26,103 sq km and has a population of five million.

PARLIAMENT AND GOVERNMENT

The City-State Parliament is known as the *Bürgerschaft*.

The last elections to the *Bürgerschaft* held on February 20th in 2011 and February 24th in 2008 delivered following results:

Political Party	Percentage of votes		Seats	
	2011	2008	2011	2008
CDU	21.9	42.6	28	56
SPD	48.4	34.1	62	45
GRÜNE/GAL	11.2	9.6	14	12
DIE LINKE	6.4	6.4	8	8
FDP	6.7	4.8	9	–

The *Senat* is the state government.

Olaf Scholz (SPD) is Lord Mayor, Dr. Dorothee Stapelfeldt (SPD) is Deputy Mayor. In addition to the Lord and Deputy Mayors nine senators make up the Senate body.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

Hamburg is divided into seven administrative districts: Hamburg-Mitte, Altona, Eimsbüttel, Hamburg-Nord, Wandsbek, Bergedorf and Harburg.

Civil Servants in the service of the *Freie und Hansestadt Hamburg*: 75,434 (34.4 % of which are part-time employees).

34,013 are employed in the school, college and university system.

The annual **tax revenue** amounts to 48 billion Euros. This figure includes federal and community taxes. Hamburg's actual remaining tax income amounts to totalling nine billion Euros.

MUNICIPAL SECURITY

10,048 police officers, of which 2,808 are women, work for the Hamburg Police Department (2012) and are in charge of the city's security.

2,395 firemen are employed by the Hamburg Fire Brigade as well as another 2,497 fire fighters who are active in 87 Volunteer Fire Departments.

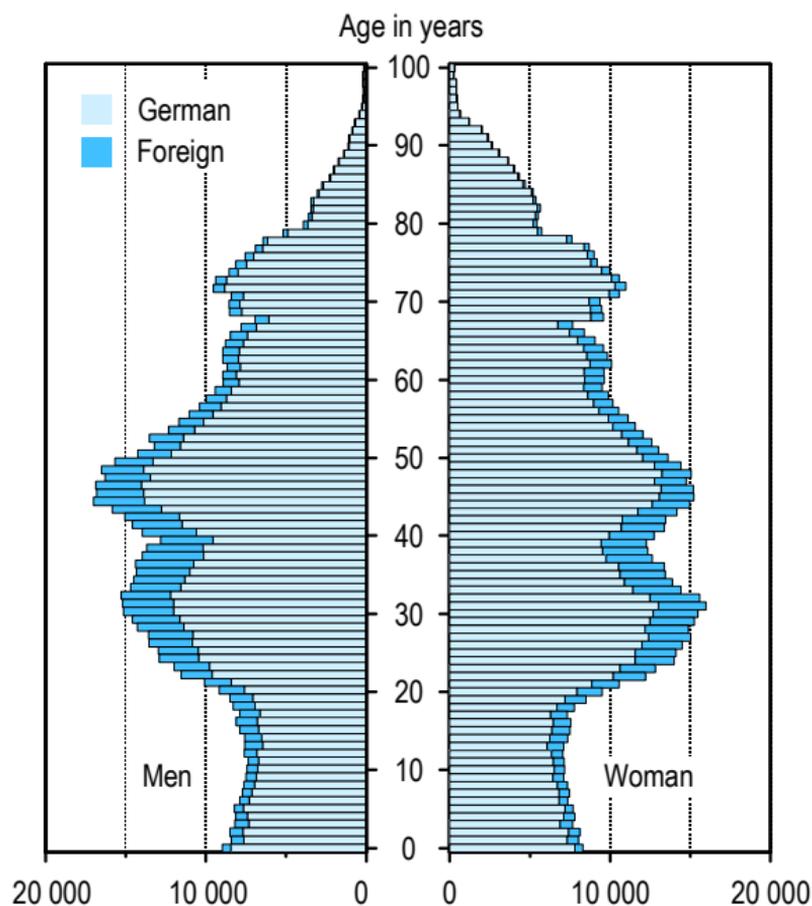
CONSULATES

In July 2013, 98 consular representations are located in Hamburg.

POPULATION

	2012	2002	1992
Total population	1,814,597 ^a	1,728,806	1,688,785
Women	889,961 ^a	889,800	879,217
Men	924,636 ^a	839,006	809,568
up to age 18 (in %)	15.3 ^a	16.0	15.8
18 – 60 years old (in %)	60.9 ^a	59.9	61.9
60 years and older (in %)	23.8 ^a	24.0	22.2
Other nationals	254,942 ^a	255,119	233,677
Other nationals (in %)	14.0 ^a	14.8	13.8
Total no. of households	1,002,000	923,000	877,000
Single households (in %)	50.4	48.0	44.9
Moves to Hamburg	94,346	80,335	91,383
Moves away from Hamburg	79,335	74,921	67,408
Births	17,706	15,707	16,497
Deaths	17,012	18,424	20,444
Marriages	6,774	6,999	9,006
Divorces	3,446	4,560	4,028

a Base: census 1987



Base: census 1987

EDUCATION

Schools of general education

221 grade schools, 71 high schools, 85 City district schools, 42 special schools, (pupils in attendance: 184,196) and six Rudolf-Steiner-Schools and five evening schools.

Schools of vocational training

48 vocational schools, 51 specialised vocational schools, 17 specialised secondary schools, 6 vocational secondary schools, 12 specialized high schools, 19 schools of advanced vocational training and 43 schools of health (pupils in attendance: 61,114)

Universities

21 universities with a total of 90,903 students registered for the 2012/2013 winter semester, of which

University of Hamburg:	40,475 students
Hamburg University of Applied Sciences:	14,928 students
Technical University Hamburg-Harburg:	6,376 students

CULTURE

The Hamburg Opera and two state theatres with a total attendance number of 868,000 during the 2011/2012 season; furthermore, 20 private theatres.

28 cinemas (77 screens), with circa 4.5 million visitors.

2011: Planetarium with 326,862 visitors, Bucerius art forum with 259,999 visitors, Deichtorhallen with 202,449 visitors and seven Hamburg museum foundations totalling more than of one million visitors; and additionally over 30 public and private museums.

The foundation „Hamburg public libraries“ maintains 36 libraries (among them 1 central library and 33 district libraries plus two mobile libraries). The total inventory comprises circa 1.8 million books, cassettes, games and music notes, with the annual number of items borrowed adding up to circa 14.1 million.

SPORTS

2011: 240 sports fields with a total of roughly 337 playing fields and 683 halls for gymnastic.

23 swimming halls, 13 swimming pools and seven natural swimming pools.

The Hamburg Sports Association with 802 clubs totalling 572,647 members. Most popular sports (according to number of members): gymnastics (165,212), football (141,223), tennis (29,836).

SOCIAL FACILITIES

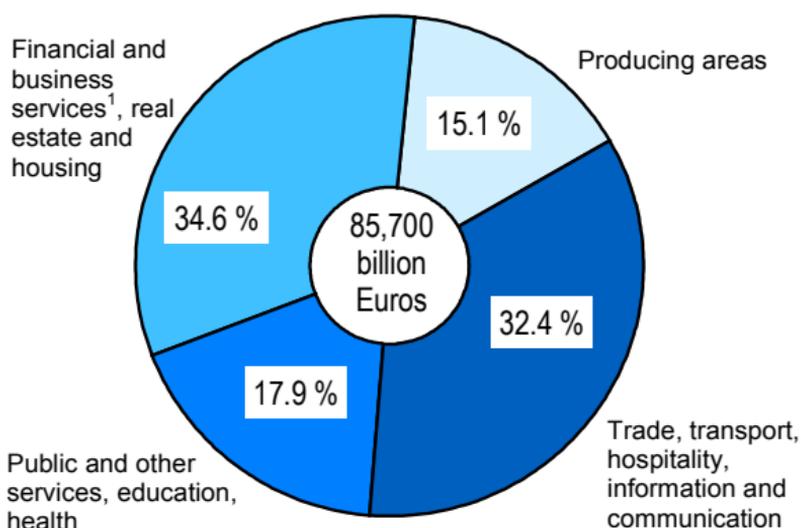
There are children's day-care centres and children's care facilities with a capacity totalling 83,758, 282 youth work facilities, 49 hospitals with a total bed capacity of 12,126, 152 in-patient care facilities with 17,886 beds, 84 meeting places for senior citizens and 353 out-patient and home-care facilities and 723 day care facilities.

ECONOMY

Gross domestic product: 95.8 billion Euros

Hamburg's real gross national product (i. e. excluding price increase) has increased by 1.2 per cent since 2011.

Gross value added (i.e. excluding price increase) **2012:**



¹ including insurance services

Workforce in Hamburg:	1,161,600
of which Industrial production:	12.9 %
Trade, transport, hotel and restaurant business:	33.3 %
Financing, leasing and corporate services with insurance services:	25.5 %
Public and private service sector:	28.3 %

29.9 % of the Hamburg workforce are **commuters** who live outside the city.

Unemployment rate:

June 2013: 7.3 %; June 2012: 7.4 %

Gross monthly earnings of full time employees (including public servants):

women:	3,608 Euro
men:	4,624 Euro

The Media and Information Technology

Hamburg is a leading centre of the German media industry. 14,063 firms in Hamburg belong to this industrial sector according to a chamber of commerce study. These include 7,126 advertising firms, 2,852 printing and publishing companies, 1,068 film and motion picture companies, 2,935 recording and culturally involved companies, 82 radio and TV broadcasting companies. According to a survey by the Hamburg Chamber of Commerce 9,648 IT companies are based in Hamburg.

Trade

Foreign trade generated by Hamburg-based industries totalled an annual 68.8 billion Euro in imports, thus accounting for 6.3 per cent of Germany's total import trade and 49.2 billion Euros in exports, thus accounting for 5.4 per cent of Germany's total export trade.

Nearly 86,820 persons are in 2011 employed in the **wholesale industry**, an area with an annual turnover of 128.4 billion Euros. The **retail industry** employs 137,640 persons and accounts for an annual turnover of 23.6 billion Euros in 2011.

Hotels and Restaurants

The hotel and restaurant business employs 2011 total 48,670 persons and accounts for an annual turnover of 2.2 billion Euros. Total hotel capacity amounts 2012 to 52,590 beds. Hamburg hotels and pensions total 5.6 million guests and 10.6 million overnight stays.

Insurances

Traditionally, Hamburg is a major centre for insurance corporations, whereby life insurance, credit and transport insurance account for the bulk of business. The *Hamburger Feuerkasse*, founded in 1676, is the oldest insurance in the world.

Aviation

With the aircraft construction corporation, *Airbus Deutschland GmbH*, and *Lufthansa Technik AG*, supplying aircraft engineering services Hamburg is one of the largest aviation industry locations in the world.

Manufacturing Industry

449 companies¹ belong to Hamburg's manufacturing industry according to the new classification of industries, employing 83,800 people. Annual overall turnover adds up to 88.4 billion euros. Industries employing most people are – including dedicated repair companies – the air and spacecraft industry employing 21,800 people and the engineering industry with 12,200 people employed.

Construction Business

86 companies¹ employing 5,800 people account for an annual turnover of 1.37 billion Euros.

HOUSING²

Housing plans approved per year	8,162
New housing completed	3,793
Units available	929,785
Average living space per resident	40.1 sq m

1 Companies employing 20 or more persons in general

2 including housing in residential homes

TRANSPORT

Motor vehicles: 850,335

of which 738,610 are private cars, 50,769 motorcycles and 48,254 lorries

Total length of road network (2013): round 4,400 km
of which 83 km are highways

Number of bridges (2013): round 2,500

Metro and rapid commuter trains in all zones serviced by the Hamburg Transit Authorities (HVV):

Length of track network: 873 km

Stops: 281

Length of bus network: 13,465 km Stops: 9,513

Total no. of public transport passengers: 717 million

Hamburg Airport

Take-offs and landings: 137,097 (commercial carriers only)

Passengers (except transit passengers): 13.7 million

Overseas Transport in the Port of Hamburg

Incoming ships: 9,745

Freight transshipment: 131.2 million tonnes

of which received: 74.2 " "

 shipped: 57.0 " "

Among the world's leading container ports, Hamburg ranks as the 14th largest container port in the world. Up to 8.9 million containers (20-foot units) are transhipped with a total weight of 72.1 million tonnes.

Goods transported by **inland shipping:** 10.4 million tonnes

Cruise ship Passengers

In 2012 152 cruise ships have called Hamburg's port. 244,587 passengers boarded, while 235,881 disembarked.

CONGRESSES AND TRADE FAIRS

The Hamburg Trade Fair and Congress Co. annually organises and handles about 40 trade fairs and about 290 conventions and events in the Congress Center Hamburg (CCH). These events are attended by more than one million visitors each year.

The Hamburg Messe has a capacity of 87,000 sq m of exhibition space in eleven halls plus 10,000 sq m in the open area. The CCH offers a total of 12,500 seats in 23 separable halls as well as 10 000 square meters of exhibition space.

MARKETS

The Hamburg wholesale market fruit, vegetables and flowers reaches 15 million consumers. In the year 2012, around 1.5 million tonnes fruit and vegetables worth around two billion euros were handled.

The value of traded flowers reaches 82 million Euros.

The *Hamburger Dom* amusement fair comes to town in spring, summer and autumn, attracting approximately about ten million fun-loving visitors regularly.

HAMBURG ADMINISTRATIVE DISTRICTS

(Date of issue: December 31th in 2012)



RANKING HAMBURG WITH OTHER GERMAN CITIES

City	Area in sq km	Population in thousands ¹	Foreigners ^{1,2}	Unemployment rate in % ^a
Berlin	892	3,375,222	424,245	14.0
Bremen	325	546,451	65,824	11.6
Dortmund	281	572,087	71,071	14.7
Dresden	328	525,105	21,139	9.5
Duisburg	233	486,816	74,836	14.3
Düsseldorf	217	593,682	98,235	9.9
Essen	210	566,862	58,572	13.5
Frankfurt/M.	248	687,775	171,968	8.5
Hamburg	755	1,734,272	223,035	8.8
Hanover	204	514,137	.	9.3
Cologne	405	1,024,373	172,249	10.6
Leipzig	297	520,838	25,814	11.8
Munich	311	1,388,308	306,815	5.8
Nuremberg	186	495,121	85,268	8.6
Stuttgart	207	597,939	128,333	6.3
Germany	35,7137	80,523,746	6,627,957	7.6

¹ Base: census 2011

² provisionally

^a July 2013. percentage of dependent working population

HISTORY

First settlements date back to the 7th century (near today's city centre).

The Hammaburg Castle was built in early 9th century.

- 1189 (7 May) Emperor Barbarossa gives city royal charter. guaranteeing free river and sea trade
- 1321 Hamburg becomes member of Hanseatic League
- 1529 Reformation (Bugenhagen)
- 1558 Hamburg Stock Exchange established
- 1618 Hamburg becomes "free city of the Empire"
- 1678 Foundation of Germany's first opera
- 1815 Hamburg becomes member of German Federation as (since 1819) *Freie und Hansestadt*
- 1842 (5 - 8 May) One third of city area destroyed by Great Fire
- 1888 Hamburg joined customs authority of "German Reich"; and installation of Free Port Zone with its famed *Speicherstadt* (warehouse complex)
- 1892 Cholera epidemic
- 1910 The population figure of the Hamburg city-state surpasses the one million mark
- 1937 Greater Hamburg Bill: Incorporation of Altona. Harburg-Wilhelmsburg. Wandsbek and other areas under Prussian rule until then
- 1939-1945 In the Second World War about 55.000 people loose their lives in the air raids. more than half of all housing is destroyed.
- 1952 The new constitution of Hamburg is put into power 1st July
- 1962 Flood catastrophe claims 340 victims. in Hamburg 317
- 1996 Hamburg becomes the seat of the International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea

**All figures in this folder apply to the year 2012.
unless otherwise stated.**

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